

## CHAPTER TWELVE

## Antidotes for Fear

There is no fear in love; but perfect love casteth out fear: because fear hath torment. He that feareth is not made perfect in love.

1 John 4:18

In these days of catastrophic change and calamitous uncertainty, is there any man who does not experience the depression and bewilderment of crippling fear, which, like a nagging hound of hell, pursues our every footstep?

Everywhere men and women are confronted by fears that often appear in strange disguises and a variety of wardrobes. Haunted by the possibility of bad health, we detect in every meaningless symptom an evidence of disease. Troubled by the fact that days and years pass so quickly, we dose ourselves with drugs that promise eternal youth. If we are physically vigorous, we become so concerned by the prospect that our personalities may collapse that we develop an inferiority complex and stumble through life with a feeling of insecurity, a lack of self-confidence,

and a sense of impending failure. A fear of what life may bring encourages some persons to wander aimlessly along the frittering road of excessive drink and sexual promiscuity. Almost without being aware of the change, many people have permitted fear to transform the sunrise of love and peace into a sunset of inner depression.

When unchecked, fear spawns a whole brood of phobias—fear of water, high place, closed rooms, darkness, loneliness, among others—and such an accumulation culminates in phobia-phobia or the fear of fear itself.

Especially common in our highly competitive society are economic fears, from which, Karen Horney says, come most of the psychological problems of our age. Captains of industry are tormented by the possible failure of their business and the capriciousness of the stock market. Employees are plagued by the prospect of unemployment and the consequences of an ever-increasing automation.

And consider, too, the multiplication in our day of religious and ontological fears, which include the fear of death and racial annihilation. The advent of the atomic age, which should have ushered in an era of plenty and of prosperity, has lifted the fear of death to morbid proportions. The terrifying spectacle of nuclear warfare has put Hamlet's words, "To be or not to be," on millions of trembling lips. Witness our frenzied efforts to construct fallout shelters. As though even these offer sanctuary from an H-bomb attack! Witness the agonizing desperation of our petitions that our government increase the nuclear stockpile. But our fanatical quest to maintain "a balance of terror" only increases our fear and leaves nations on tiptoes lest some diplomatic faux pas ignite a frightful holocaust.

Realizing that fear drains a man's energy and depletes his resources, Emerson wrote, "He has not learned the lesson of life who does not every day surmount a fear."

But I do not mean to suggest that we should seek to eliminate fear altogether from human life. Were this humanly possible, it would be practically undesirable. Fear is the elemental alarm

system of the human organism that warns of approaching dangers and without which man could not have survived in either the primitive or modern worlds. Fear, moreover, is a powerfully creative force. Every great invention and intellectual advance represents a desire to escape from some dreaded circumstance or condition. The fear of darkness led to the discovery of the secret of electricity. The fear of pain led to the marvelous advances of medical science. The fear of ignorance was one reason that man built great institutions of learning. The fear of war was one of the forces behind the birth of the United Nations. Angelo Patri has rightly said, "Education consists in being afraid at the right time." If man were to lose his capacity to fear, he would be deprived of his capacity to grow, invent, and create. So in a sense fear is normal, necessary, and creative.

But we must remember that abnormal fears are emotionally ruinous and psychologically destructive. To illustrate the difference between normal and abnormal fear, Sigmund Freud spoke of a person who was quite properly afraid of snakes in the heart of an African jungle and of another person who neurotically feared that snakes were under the carpet in his city apartment. Psychologists say that normal children are born with only two fears—fear of falling and the fear of loud noises—and that all others are environmentally acquired. Most of these acquired fears are snakes under the carpet.

It is to such fears that we usually refer when we speak of getting rid of fear. But this is only a part of the story. Normal fear protects us; abnormal fear paralyzes us. Normal fear motivates us to improve our individual and collective welfare; abnormal fear constantly poisons and distorts our inner lives. Our problem is not to be rid of fear but rather to harness and master it. How may it be mastered?

sure, grant us power. We shall never be cured of fear by escapism selves why we are afraid. This confrontation will, to some meaor repression, for the more we attempt to ignore and repress our First, we must unflinchingly face our fears and honestly ask ourfears, the more we multiply our inner conflicts.

of inferiority and social rejection, who discovers that rejection and seemingly deserted. Or here is a man plagued by the fear hood experience of being punished by parents, locked in a room, sion. Here, for instance, is a person haunted by a fear of death or many of them are residues of some childhood need or apprehenbitterness toward life. in childhood by a self-centered mother and a preoccupied father has unconsciously projected into the whole of reality the childthe thought of punishment in the afterlife, who discovers that he left him with a self-defeating sense of inadequacy and a repressed By looking squarely and honestly at our fears we learn that

will turn out to be snakes under the carpet. may find them to be more imaginary than real. Some of them By bringing our fears to the forefront of consciousness, we

psychiatrist said, "Ridicule is the master cure for fear and anxiety." the open, we may laugh at some of them, and this is good. One involves the misuse of the imagination. When we get our fears into And let us also remember that, more often than not, fear

tues known to man: courage. Plato considered courage to be Second, we can master fear through one of the supreme vir-

> man's essential nature. Thomas Aquinas said that courage is the and desire. Aristotle thought of courage as the affirmation of an element of the soul that bridges the cleavage between reason attainment of the highest good. strength of mind capable of conquering whatever threatens the

vincing terms that the right kind of self-love and the right kind of love of others are interdependent. propositioned love of others. Erich Fromm has shown in conself-affirmation includes both a proper self-love and a properly mation, which is surely a remedy for fear, is not selfishness, for nonbeing, and he who is courageous takes the fear of death into from affirming itself." It is self-affirmation in spite of death and affirmation 'in spite of' . . . that which tends to hinder the self quers the fear involved. Paul Tillich has written, "Courage is selfearlier, Epictetus wrote, "For it is not death or hardship that is a reau wrote, "Nothing is so much to be feared as fear." Centuries object of our fear is fear itself: In his Journal Henry David Thohis self-affirmation and acts upon it. This courageous self-affirthe fear produced by a definite object into itself and thereby confearful thing, but the fear of hardship and death." Courage takes analyzed, attacked, and, if need be, endured. How often the fear. Unlike anxiety, fear has a definite object that may be faced, Courage, therefore, is the power of the mind to overcome

be frightened. These forces that threaten to negate life must grim, and inevitable fact of human experience. Evil and pain in be challenged by courage, which is the power of life to affirm to prove that there is nothing in this world of which we should ourselves and our neighbors a great disservice when we attempt bad health is an ever-threatening possibility, and death is a stark, within the circumference of every action, accidents do occur, itself in spite of life's ambiguities. This requires the exercise of this conundrum of life are close to each of us, and we do both any object, however frightful, enables us to stand up to any Trouble is a reality in this strange medley of life, dangers lurk fear. Many of our fears are not mere snakes under the carpet. Courage, the determination not to be overwhelmed by

a creative will that enables us to hew out a stone of hope from a mountain of despair.

Courage and cowardice are antithetical. Courage is an inner resolution to go forward in spite of obstacles and frightening situations; cowardice is a submissive surrender to circumstance. Courage breeds creative self-affirmation; cowardice produces destructive self-abnegation. Courage faces fear and thereby masters it; cowardice represses fear and is thereby mastered by it. Courageous men never lose the zest for living even though their life situation is zestless; cowardly men, overwhelmed by the uncertainties of life, lose the will to live. We must constantly build dikes of courage to hold back the flood of fear.

Third, fear is mastered through love. The New Testament affirms, "There is no fear in love; but perfect love casteth out fear." The kind of love that led Christ to a cross and kept Paul unembittered amid the angry torrents of persecution is not soft, anemic, and sentimental. Such love confronts evil without flinching and shows in our popular parlance an infinite capacity "to take it." Such love overcomes the world even from a rough-hewn cross against the skyline.

But does love have a relationship to our modern fear of war, economic displacement, and racial injustice? Hate is rooted in fear, and the only cure for fear-hate is love. Our deteriorating international situation is shot through with the lethal darts of fear. Russia fears America, and America fears Russia. Likewise China and India, and the Israelis and the Arabs. These fears include another nation's aggression, scientific and technological supremacy, and economic power, and our own loss of status and power. Is not fear one of the major causes of war? We say that war

is a consequence of hate, but close scrutiny reveals this sequence: first fear, then hate, then war, and finally deeper hatred. Were a nightmarish nuclear war to engulf our world, the cause would be not so much that one nation hated another but that both nations feared each other.

What method has the sophisticated ingenuity of modern man employed to deal with the fear of war? We have armed ourselves to the nth degree. The West and the East have engaged in a fever-pitched arms race. Expenditures for defense have risen to mountainous proportions, and weapons of destruction have been assigned priority over all other human endeavors. The nations have believed that greater armaments will cast out fear. But alas! they have produced greater fear. In these turbulent, panic-stricken days we are once more reminded of the judicious words of old, "Perfect love casteth out fear." Not a rms but love, understanding, and organized goodwill can cast out fear. Only disarmament, based on good faith, will make mutual trust a living reality.

of integration; only love and goodwill can do that. psychoses and peculiar cases of paranoia. Neither repression pathological fears that leave the victims inflicted with strange edies! Instead of eliminating fear, they instill deeper and more toward their Negro brethren. But how futile are all these rem massive resistance, nor aggressive violence will cast out the fear drown their fear by engaging in acts of violence and meanness nullification, counsel massive resistance. Still others hope to placing their faith in such legal maneuvers as interposition and relations and to close their mind to the issues involved. Others ing the path of escape, some seek to ignore the question of race combat these corroding fears by diverse methods. By followless nights and haggard days numerous white people attempt to intermarriage, and adjustment to new situations. Through sleepsame formula. Racial segregation is buttressed by such irrational fears as loss of preferred economic privilege, altered social status, Our own problem of racial injustice must be solved by the

If our white brothers are to master fear, they must depend not only on their commitment to Christian love but also on the

new physical power to repay for all of the blows of the past? realizes that he is now taller than the parents. Will the son use his pity act to revenge the accumulated injustices and brutality of the years. A parent, who has continually mistreated his son, suddenly fears that if the Negro attains power, he will without restraint or the white community be mitigated. A guilt-ridden white minority through our adherence to love and nonviolence will the fear ir Christlike love that the Negro generates toward them. Only

white community that were such a movement to attain strength and demonstrating power under discipline should convince the its power would be used creatively and not vengefully. white man. A mass movement exercising love and nonviolence convince the white man that he seeks justice for both himself and the Negro forgives and is willing to forget the past. The Negro nuss culturally, and economically. Many white men fear retaliation. The Negro must show them that they have nothing to fear, for the Once a helpless child, the Negro has now grown politically,

know the cure. God help us achieve it! Love casts out fear. What then is the cure of this morbid fear of integration? We

and abiding commitment to the way of love. "Perfect love casteth and subsequently we become jealous of them. Is there a cure for We do not envy people and then fear them; first we fear them curity, and a haunting sense of inferiority are all rooted in fear. and of the scorn or disapproval of those whose opinions we most these annoying fears that pervert our personal lives? Yes, a deep value. Envy, jealousy, a lack of self-confidence, a feeling of inse ies. We are afraid of the superiority of other people, of failure This truth is not without a bearing on our personal anxiet

confuses life; love harmonizes it. Hatred darkens life; love illulove can do that. Hatred paralyzed life; love releases it. Hatred Hatred and bitterness can never cure the disease of fear; only

weak boats explain their fear. Multitudes of people are in a similar situation. Heavy winds and became paralyzed with fear, for we knew our boat was deficient. shore, the clouds lowered and howling winds blew. Then we equipped boat. We gave this little thought until, ten miles from fishing. For reasons of economy, we rented an old and poorly vacationing in Mexico, Mrs. King and I wished to go deep-sea tensions of life with inadequate spiritual resources. When inadequacy for life. All too many people attempt to face the fear is an awareness of deficient resources and of a consequent Fourth, fear is mastered through faith. A common source of

without adequate spiritual boats. One of the leading physicians in confront fear without faith; we sail through the stormy seas of life American has said, "The only known cure for fear is faith." man of religious faith. For our trouble is simply that we attempt to the service of psychiatry is ineffectual unless the psychiatrist is a fears. But much of our fearful living encompasses a realm where our inner selves and to search out the causes of our failures and into neurotic channels. Psychiatry helps us to look candidly at seeks to discover how and why fundamental energies are diverted Freud, which investigates the subconscious drives of men and of psychiatry, a relatively new discipline pioneered by Sigmund Many of our abnormal fears can be dealt with by the skills

cured only by a positive religious faith. being, and nothingness, expressed in existential anxiety, may be anxiety may be cured by psychiatry; but the fear of death, non-Abnormal fears and phobias that are expressed in neurotic

untroubled ease. Rather, it instills us with the inner equilibrium us with the idea that life is a drama of unalloyed comfort and needed to face strains, burdens, and fears that inevitably come, we shall be exempt from pain and suffering, nor does it imbue A positive religious faith does not offer an illusion that

concerned. and assures us that the universe is trustworthy and that God is

before his conversion: Tolstoi wrote concerning the aloneness and emptiness he felt courage and exhausts the energies of men. In his Confession are orphans cast into the terrifying immensities of space in a universe that is without purpose or intelligence. Such a view drains Irreligion, on the other hand, would have us believe that we

be tempted to put a quick end to my life and to my misery in my room; and I stopped from going out shooting lest l tempted during the night to hang myself from the rafters I made sure that there was no rope in my room lest I be no God there, and so every night before I went to sleep, beginning to give way, and I felt myself going to pieces. be crumbling, the very foundations of my convictions were There was no sustaining influence in my life and there was There was a period in my life when everything seemed to

embraces all mankind. universe is guided by a benign Intelligence whose infinite love sustaining influence that comes from the conviction that this Like so many people, Tolstoi at that stage of his life lacked the

supports the tiny drops of every wave. With a surging fullness guide us, strength to protect us, and love to keep us. His bound less love supports and contains us as a mighty ocean contains and manyness of time stands the one eternal God, with wisdom to ing but a child created "a little lower than the angels." Above the heavens." Man is not a wisp of smoke from a limitless smolderhath founded the earth; by understanding hath he established the a marvelous display of orderly cosmos—"The Lord by wisdom This universe is not a tragic expression of meaningless chaos but the vicissitudes that cloud our nights is a wise and loving God ing sands of time, the uncertainties that darken our days, and in this vast, uncertain universe. Beneath and above the shift-Religion endows us with the conviction that we are not alone

> of morbid fears. highways of life without the fatigue of pessimism and the weight tence. Any man who finds this cosmic sustenance can walk the everlasting diapason, its eternal answer to the enigma of exisand bays of our lives with unlimited resources. This is religion's he is forever moving toward us, seeking to fill the little creeks

earthly fallout shelter. God is our eternal fallout shelter. outside God's love. We need not join the mad rush to purchase an of earth. Death is not the ultimate evil; the ultimate evil is to be contained in the limited receptacle of time and the narrow walls us through death's dark night into the bright daybreak of eternal life. His will is too perfect and his purposes are too extensive to be pilgrimage for lo these many centuries can most assuredly lead our whirling planet from primal vapor and has led the human and ignorant men die. We need not fear it. The God who brought and beggars die; young men die and old men die; learned men die of the people, not an aristocracy for some of the people—kings die the arms of the Divine. Death is inevitable. It is a democracy for all bomb has aroused with the faith that we can never travel beyond plagues so many of our lives. Let us face the fear that the atomic Herein lies the answer to the neurotic fear of death that

God. Listen to his majestic words: Jesus knew that nothing could separate man from the love of

a farthing? and one of them shall not fall on the ground many sparrows, numbered. Fear ye not therefore, ye are of more value than without your Father. But the very hairs of your head are all both soul and body in hell. Are not two sparrows sold for kill the soul: but rather fear him which is able to destroy And fear not them which kill the body, but are not able to shall not be revealed; and hid, that shall not be known.... Fear them not therefore: for there is nothing covered, that

but he is a child of God. Is it not unreasonable to assess that Man, for Jesus, is not mere flotsam and jetnam in the rever of the

God, whose creative activity is expressed in an awareness of a sparrow's fall and the number of hairs on a man's head, excludes from his encompassing love the life of man itself? The confidence that God is mindful of the individual is of tremendous value in dealing with the disease of fear, for it gives us a sense of worth, of belonging, and of at-homeness in the universe.

One of the most dedicated participants in the bus protest in Montgomery, Alabama, was an elderly Negro whom we affectionately called Mother Pollard. Although poverty-stricken and uneducated, she was amazingly intelligent and possessed a deep understanding of the meaning of the movement. After having walked for several weeks, she was asked if she were tired. With ungrammatical profundity, she answered, "My feets is tired, but my soul is rested."

quickened with the pulsing tremor of raw energy she spoke these consoling words, everything in me quivered and "But even if we ain't with you, God's gonna take care of you." As her face became radiant and she said in words of quiet certainty, eyes and said, "I don told you we is with you all the way." Then as fine as ever." But her insight was discerning, "Now you can' ing you?" Before I could respond, she looked directly into my doing things to please you? Or is it that the white folks is bother fool me," she said. "I knows something is wrong. Is it that we ain" didn't talk strong tonight." Seeking further to disguise my fears, l her affectionately. "Something is wrong with you," she said. "You said, "Come here, son." I immediately went to her and hugged meeting, Mother Pollard came to the front of the church and retorted, "Oh, no, Mother Pollard, nothing is wrong. I am feeling I was inwardly depressed and fear-stricken. At the end of the convey an overt impression of strength and courage, although ening telephone calls, I spoke at a mass meeting. I attempted to week that included being arrested and receiving numerous threat-On a particular Monday evening, following a tension-packet

Since that dreary night in 1956, Mother Pollard has passed on to glory and I have known very few quiet days. I have been tortured without and tormented within by the raging fires of

tribulation. I have been forced to muster what strength and courage I have to withstand howling winds of pain and jostling storms of adversity. But as the years have unfolded the eloquently simple words of Mother Pollard have come back again and again to give light and peace and guidance to my troubled soul. "God's gonna take care of you."

This faith transforms the whirlwind of despair into a warm and revising breeze of hope. The words of a motto that a generation ago were commonly found on the wall in the homes of devout persons need to be etched on our hearts:

Fear knocked at the door.
Faith answered.
There was no one there.